AIMS AND SCOPE

While total synthesis reached extraordinary levels of sophistication in the last century, the development of practical and efficient synthetic methodologies is still in its infancy. The goal of achieving chemical reactions that are economical, safe, environmentally benign, resource- and energy-saving will demand the highest level of scientific creativity, insight and understanding in a combined effort by academic and industrial chemists.

Advanced Synthesis & Catalysis is designed to stimulate and advance that process by focusing on the development and application of efficient synthetic methodologies and strategies in organic, bioorganic, pharmaceutical, natural product, macromolecular and materials chemistry. The targets of synthetic studies can range from natural products and pharmaceuticals to macromolecules and organic materials.

While catalytic methods based on metal complexes or enzymes play an ever increasing role in achieving synthetic efficiency, all areas of interest to the practical synthetic chemist fall within the purview of *Advanced Synthesis & Catalysis*, including synthesis design, reaction techniques, separation science and process development.

Contributions from industrial and governmental laboratories are highly encouraged. It is the goal of the journal to help initiate a new era of chemical science, based on the efforts of synthetic chemists and on interdisciplinary collaboration, so that chemistry will make an even greater contribution to the quality of life than it does now.

Advanced Synthesis & Catalysis

succeeding Journal für praktische Chemie
(founded in 1828)

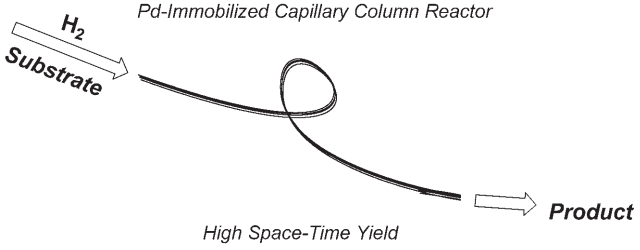
New! Online Submission now available at http://asc.wiley-vch.de

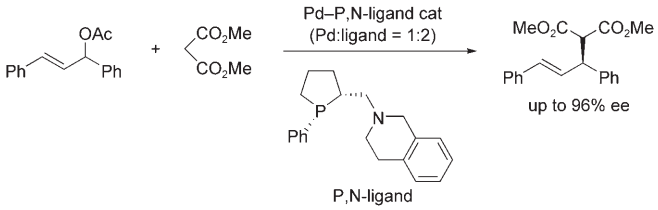
2005, *347*, 15, **Pages 1877 – 2046**

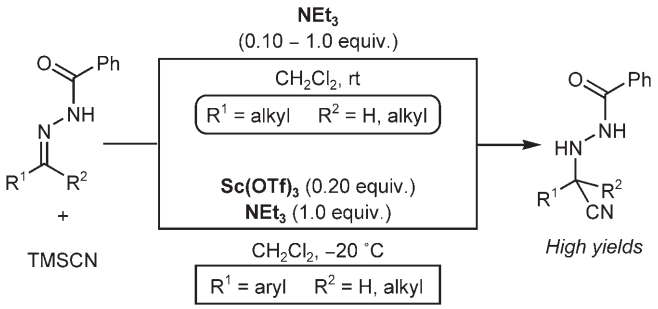
Issue 14/2005 was published online on November 15, 2005

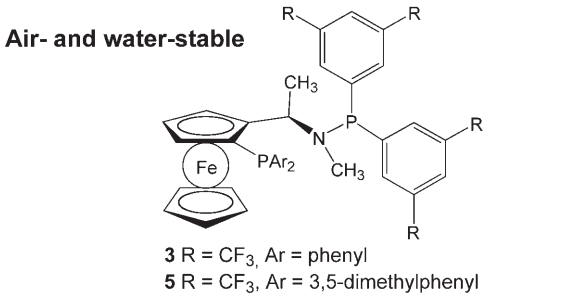
The editorial staff and the publishers thank all readers, authors, referees, and advertisers for their interest and support over the past year and wish them all a happy new year.

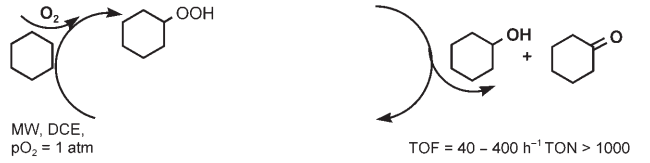
COMMUNICATIONS

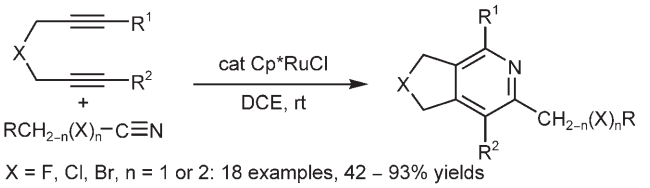


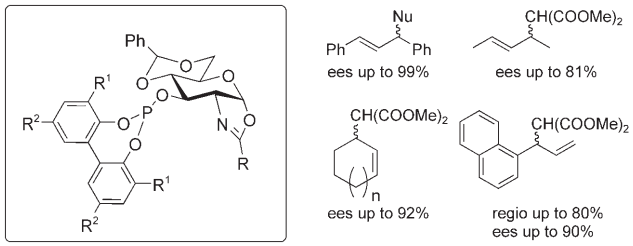


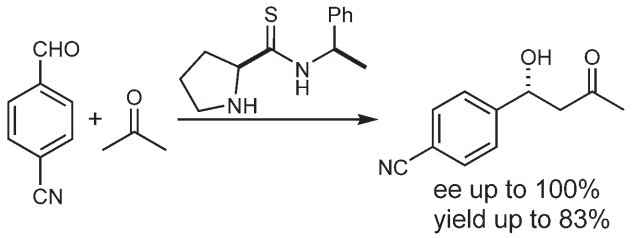


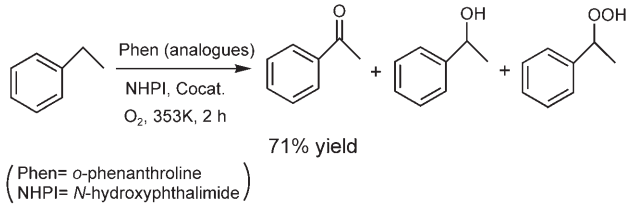


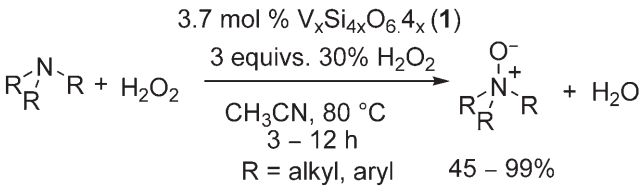


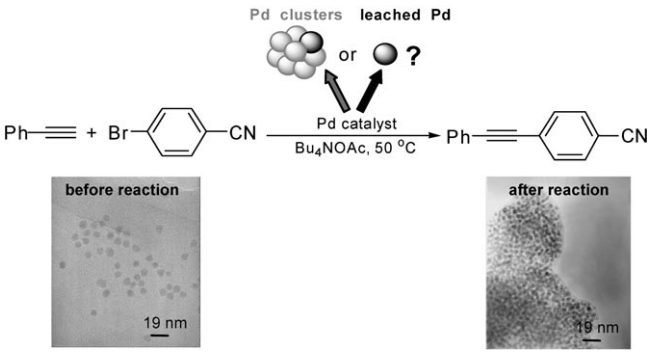




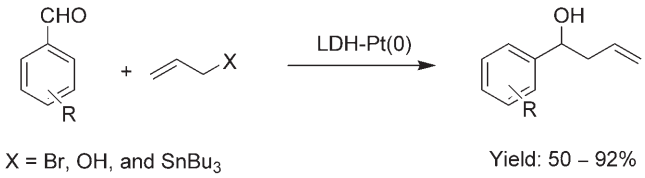




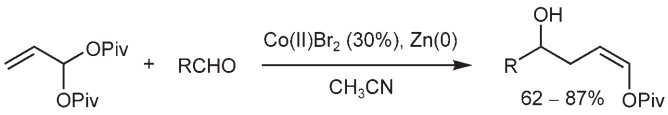




FULL PAPERS



UPDATE



Supporting information on the WWW (see article for access details).

*Author to whom correspondence should be addressed.

